Relief Works—Table C

Combined digging and carrying tasks

Reduced lead.		Ordinary earth.			Hard earth or soft murum.			Average murum.			Hard murum.		
		Class.			Class.			Class.			Class.		
		B.	C.	D.	B.	C.	D.	B.	C.	D.	B.	C.	D.
	Feet.	c. ft.	c. ft.	c. ft.	c. ft.	c. ft.	c. ft.	c. ft.	c. ft.	c. ft.	c. ft.	c. ft.	c. ft.
From	0 to 100	54	36	19	47	31	16	37	25	12	28	19	9
	101— 150	47	31	16	41	27	14	34	22	11	26	18	9
	151— 200	41	27	14	37	25	12	31	20	10	24	16	8
	201— 250	37	25	12	34	22	11	28	19	9	23	15	7
	251— 300	34	22	11	31	20	10	26	18	9	21	14	7
	301— 350	31	20	10	28	19	9	24	16	8	20	14	7
	351— 400	28	19	9	26	18	9	23	15	8	19	13	6
	401— 450	26	17	9	25	17	8	22	14	7	18	12	6
	451— 550	24	16	8	22	15	7	20	13	7	17	11	6
	551— 650	21	15	7	20	13	7	18	12	6	16	10	5
	651— 750	19	13	6	18	12	6	16	11	5	14	10	5
	751— 850	17	11	6	16	11	5	15	10	5	13	9	4
	851— 950	15	10	5	15	10	5	14	9	5	12	8	4
	951—1050	14	9	5	14	9	5	13	8	4	12	8	4
	1051— 1150	13	9	4	13	8	4	12	8	4	11	7	4
	1151—1250	12	8	4	12	8	4	11	7	4	10	7	3
	1251—1450	11	7	4	11	7	4	10	7	3	9	6	3
	1451—1650	10	6	3	10	6	3	9	6	3	8	6	3
	1651—1850	9	6	3	9	6	3	8	6	3	8	5	3
	1851—2050	8	5	3	8	5	3	8	5	2	7	5	2

Note.—To find the required number of diggers and carriers respectively in a gang, calculate from this table the full quantity of daily work to be done by the gang and divide the result by the digging task : the quotient will be the number of diggers (Class B) required, the remainder of the gang will be employed as carriers.